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STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

BEFORE THE

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Docket DG 08-009

EnergyNorth Natural Gas, Inc. d/b/a National Grid NH

Rebuttal
Testimony of Ann E. Leary

December 15, 2008

Introduction and Background

- 2 Q. Please state your full name and business address.
- 3 A. My name is Ann E. Leary. My business address is 201 Jones Road, Waltham,
- 4 Massachusetts 02451.

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- 5 Q. Have you previously provided testimony in this docket?
- 6 A. Yes, I provided prefiled testimony on February 25, 2008. My education and
- 7 professional experience are described in that testimony.
- 8 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?
- 9 A. The purpose of my testimony is twofold: (1) to explain the Company's position
- regarding the expansion of the low income discount rate proposed by Roger D.
- 11 Colton on behalf of Pamela Locke and, (2) to respond to the Office of Consumer
- Advocate's (OCA) proposal for changing the weather normalization method that has
- previously been approved by the Commission and was applied by the Company in
- this case.

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Low Income Program

- 16 Q. Please summarize Mr. Colton's low income proposal.
- 17 A. Mr. Colton proposes to increase both the depth and breadth of the low income
- discount and to expand the enrollment program for the low income rate. Specifically,
- 19 he has proposed the following modifications:
- 1) Increase the base rate discount level from 60 percent to 75 percent;
- 2) Allot \$50,000 per year for the next two years for outreach programs
- targeting the enrollment of non-fuel assistance eligible recipients;

- 3) Implement automatic enrollment for the discount rate for those customers receiving food stamps; and
- 4) Retroactively apply the discount back to November 1 of each year for all customers who qualify for the discount, regardless of when they actually applied for the discount.
- 6 Q. Does the Company support these modifications to the low income discount rate?

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- 7 A. No, the Company does not support these modifications to the low income discount rate.
- 9 Q. Please explain why the Company does not support the increase in the base rate discount.
- Over the past few years, the Company has worked with OCA, New Hampshire Legal A. 11 Assistance (Ms. Locke's attorneys), and the Commission Staff, as well as others, to 12 design and implement an appropriate discount rate to assist its low income customers 13 without overly burdening its remaining customers. The Company has undertaken this 14 effort on a voluntary and cooperative basis without any legislative directive of the 15 kind that exists for electric utilities. The Company has supported this effort, but has 16 been mindful of the need to limit the extent to which one group of customers should 17 be asked to pay for a program that benefits other customers where there has been no 18 clear directive to undertake such an effort. 19 20 In 2005, the Company implemented a low income residential heating discount rate

which offered a 50 percent discount off the base rate portion of the customers' bill. In 2006, at the request of Ms. Locke and others, the Company agreed to increase this discount to 60 percent. Although the Company is sympathetic to the concerns raised

by Mr. Colton on behalf of low income customers, it must balance the needs of low income customers with those of its remaining customer base. With the recent downturn in the economy, the Company is concerned with the impact of the additional subsidy proposed by Mr. Colton on its remaining residential customers as well as the effect this subsidy could have on the viability of New Hampshire commercial and industrial businesses. Although on a stand-alone basis the increment associated with expansion of the discount rate may appear to be small, when combined with the existing subsidies being recovered from all customers, the total increase could have an adverse impact on the viability of businesses during this period of economic uncertainty and could pose a substantial burden on lower income residential customers who do not qualify for the low income discount. While the Commission obviously is charged with making the final determination as to how to weigh these considerations, the Company believes that a 60% discount on base rates is a significant and appropriate discount for low income customers, considering the cost this imposes on the remaining customer base.

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- Q. Please explain why the Company does not support Mr. Colton's proposal regarding outreach programs targeted at increasing enrollment of non fuel assistance eligible customers.
- A. The Company does not support Mr. Colton's proposal for spending \$50,000 a year for the next two years on outreach programs targeting the enrollment of non fuel assistance eligible customers and implementing an automatic matching program with the Food Stamp program. Mr. Colton argues that the Company is not making an adequate effort to reach out to low income individuals who are not fuel assistance

recipients, and he asserts that spending an additional \$50,000 per year over the next two years and implementing an automatic matching program with the Food Stamp Program will lead to increased enrollment on the low income discount rate. Interestingly, although he is critical of the Company for not providing studies to support collections practices that are common and widely accepted in the utility industry, he provides no support for his argument that use of the Food Stamp Program as a proxy for qualification for the low income discount is appropriate. Instead, Mr. Colton relied on a potential enrollment level that the Company provided in the original low income docket, DG 05-127. The Company attempted to provide a very rough estimate of the number of non fuel assistance low income participants who might qualify for the discounted rate by simply applying the percent of non fuel assistance low income customers in Massachusetts to the Company's service territory in New Hampshire. As was discussed during the technical sessions in that proceeding, the figures provided in DG 05-127 were not based on any specific New Hampshire data. Rather, the estimate simply took a ratio from the Massachusetts territories served by the Company's affiliates and applied it to the Company's territories in New Hampshire. Unless further substantial support can be provided to give credibility to the concern that there is a large population of low income customers who are currently not enrolled in the Company's low income discount rate, National Grid believes that spending \$50,000 on outreach programs and incurring substantial administrative costs to develop a matching program is not the best use of funds.

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1	The low income program that was begun in DG 05-127 was specifically designed to
2	keep administrative costs low. Mr. Colton was not a participant in that proceeding,
3	and his proposals would now begin to heap significant additional costs onto a
4	program that was intended to be, and has been operated as, an efficient, stream-lined
5	program that is easy and inexpensive to administer and that maximizes benefits to
6	low income customers and minimizes costs imposed on other customers.

- Over the past three years, has the Company attempted to notify non fuel assistance eligible customers regarding the availability of its low income discount rate in accordance with the requirements established in DG 05-127?
- 10 A. Yes, the Company notifies non fuel assistance eligible customers regarding the
 11 availability of its low income discount rate, as contemplated by the program approved
 12 by the Commission in DG 05-127. The following is a list of various outreach
 13 measures the Company undertakes:
- Includes a description of its low income program in the customer newsletter which is sent to customers twice a year.
- Includes a bill insert to all customers in annual Fuel Assistance insert during November and December.
 - Includes a bill insert to all residential heating customers in February.

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- Includes a message on customers' bills (next to appear in January and February's bills)
 - Provides low income program information on the Company's website.
- Distributes financial assistance posters which include a description of the Company's low income programs to NH community action agencies and other agencies
- Places newspaper advertisements in January describing various financial assistance programs.

Q. Does the Company support Mr. Colton's proposal to apply the low income discount to all customers retroactively back to November 1 of each year?

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No. Under the current program design, the Company does make the discounted rate retroactive back to November 1 for customers who qualify for the discount by virtue of having qualified for fuel assistance. This is done due to the amount of time it takes to process fuel assistance applications, and the fact that many customers are not notified until sometime during the winter heating season that their fuel assistance application has been approved. This occurs for many reasons, but one of them is that the level of fuel assistance funding that is available often changes during the course of the winter. Mr. Colton is now proposing that this retroactive treatment be applied to customers who simply failed to apply for the low income discount in a timely fashion and, for whatever reason, waited until later in the winter to contact the Company. The Company does not believe that expanding the retroactivity provision of the discount program in this way is good policy and it will substantially increase the cost of the program to other customers. The Company believes that this issue was considered by the parties to DG 05-127, and believes that the program was properly designed at the time.

Weather Normalization Calculation

- 19 Q. Does the Company support the OCA's calculation of the weather normalization 20 adjustment calculation?
- A. No, the Company does not support the weather normalization adjustment calculation proposed by the OCA.

- Q. Please explain the weather normalization calculation proposed by the OCA and the reasons why the Company does not support his calculation.
- In his testimony, Mr. Traum recommends calculating the weather normalization A. 3 4 adjustment using bill frequency data from the Company's billing system, rather than using average incremental base rates charged to each rate group in each month. 5 Adoption of Mr. Traum's methodology would result in a revenue increase of \$37,052 6 in the Company's filing in this proceeding. The Company's filing in this case adopted 7 the weather normalization methodology approved by the Commission in DR 90-183 8 (1992), a proceeding in which the weather normalization methodology was addressed 9 in detail. The Company believes it is inappropriate to reopen this issue again, and 10 Mr. Traum has not provided a sufficient basis for doing so. 11

12 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

13 A. Yes, this concludes my testimony.